

Mails.
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR	STRAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	"GORDEN" (T. 17,300) Capt. G. Bolle	About WEDNESDAY, 10th August.
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERA, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and HAMBURG	"KLEIN" (T. 17,000) Capt. O. Pahnke	WEDNESDAY, 10th Aug., Noon.
MANILA, ANGAUR, YAP, NEW, GUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"PRINCE WALDEMAR" (T. 17,000) Capt. F. Iske	SATURDAY, 13th Aug., Daylight.
YOKOHAMA and KOBE	"PRINCE SIGISMUND" (T. 17,000) Capt. D. Lenz	About TUESDAY, 13th August.
KUDAT and SANDAKAN	"BORNEO" (T. 5,050) Capt. F. Sembill	End of August.

* Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy New System of Telefunken.

For further Particulars, apply to

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELNERS & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, HONGKONG & SHINA.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1910.

Intimations.

KWONG FUNG YUEN,
HEAD OFFICE—No. 53, Des Voeux Road West
TIMBER YARDS—Kennedy Town.
TIMBER MERCHANTS,
SAW MILL OWNERS,
AND
GENERAL CONTRACTORS
TO
H.B.M. Naval and Military
Authorities.

HAVE always on hand large stock of
American Fir, Douglas Fir, Oregon
Pine, Teak, Yacal, Hardwoods, Oregon Spar,
Chinese Spar, Chinese Pine of all descriptions.
Inspection invited to the Yards.
Best Terms.
Quick delivery.

LEUNG TAI,
Managing Director.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1910.

OSMAN & CASUM,

1 & 3, D'AGUIAR STREET.

JUST UNPACKED

Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed
HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS
& FEATHERS.

MUSLIN and FIGURED VOILES.

LACE and EMBROIDERIES a specialty.

TABLE LINENS, SERVIETTES and
HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

Samples on application.

Coast Port Orders carefully
executed

Hongkong, 6th September, 1909.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the young and feeble, or by the gradual decay of old age. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities. It is a powerful tonic, and its use is recommended by the highest medical authorities.

Intimations.
THE YOKOHAMA DOCK CO., LTD.

No. 1 DOCK.	No. 2 DOCK.	No. 3 DOCK.
Docking Length 515 ft.	Docking Length 375 ft.	Docking Length 481 ft.
Width of Entrance 80 "	Width of Entrance 50 "	Width of Entrance 63 "
Water on Blocks 25 "	Water on Blocks 25 "	Water on Blocks 25 "

THESE DOCKS are conveniently situated in Yokohama harbour and the situation of Captains and Owners is respectfully called to the advantages offered for Docking and repairing Vessels and Machinery of every description.

The plant and tools are of recent patterns for dealing quickly and cheaply with work and a large stock of material is always on hand, (plates, angles and tall shafts all being tested by Lloyd's surveyors).

Two powerful Twin Screw Tugs are available for taking Vessels in or out of Dock, and for taking Sailing Vessels in for out of the bay. The floating derrick is capable of lifting 40 tons.

Steam Launches of Steel or Wood, Lighters, Steel Buildings and Roofs, Bridge Work, and all kinds of Machinery are made on the premises.

Tenders will be made up when required and the workmanship and material will be guaranteed.

The cost of Docking, and repair work, will be found to compare favourably with that of any port in the world.

A large mooring basin is available alongside our own works for mooring vessels whilst under repair.

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Telegrams, "Dock, Yokohama," Codes A. B. C. 4th and 5th Edt.

Ideben, Scotts, A. I. and Watkins.

Yokohama, April 28th, 1909.



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TYPEWRITER**

(VISIBLE)

Cost \$165 Little, Last Long. Will
Always Give Satisfaction.

PHONE No. 482 and the machine

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Repair to any Make of

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A Speciality. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

MOTOR CARS, BICYCLES and

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FOR HIRE.

**DRAGON CYCLE
DEPOT**

1, DES VOEUX ROAD.

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Dr. M. H. CHAUN,
DENTAL SURGEON,
24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 1ST FLOOR,
ROOMS 2 and 3.

From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.

Telephone 125.

Hongkong, 27th January, 1910.

THIN TI-G.

LATEST METHODS OF DENTISTRY

STUDIO AT NO. 14, D'AGUIAR STREET.

REASONABLE FEES

Consultation Free

Hongkong, 27th January, 1910.

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GODOWNS, 151 to 155, PRAYA EAST.

OFFICES, No. 2, CONNAUGHT ROAD,

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A HOUSE in WONG-KEI-CHONG ROAD.

OFFICES in YORK BUILDING.

No. 10, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL,

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SEMI-EUROPEAN FLATS, Praya East

corner of Observation Place. The

Tram stops at the door.

Also NEW EUROPEAN FLATS ad-

joining the new Seaman's Institute,

Praya East.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT & AGENCY CO. LD

Hongkong, 27th July, 1910.

TO LET.

A HOUSE in KNUTSFORD TERRACE.

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THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT & AGENCY CO. LD.

Hongkong, 27th July, 1910.

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IN No. 5, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,

Victoria Building, Rooms suitable for

Offices.

ONE GODOWN in MASONS LANE.

Apply to—

DAVID SASSOON & Co., LD.

Hongkong, 4th April, 1910.

TO LET.

1ST SEPTEMBER—BOWEN ROAD.

WESTERN BLOCK OF DWELLING

HOUSES at present occupied as

Artillery Officer's Quarters.

Suitable for Boarding House.

Apply—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

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GODOWN No. 14, DUNDRELL STREET.

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THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT & AGENCY CO. LD.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1910.

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GRACA & CO.

57, DES VOEUX ROAD.

ASIANIC POSTAGE STAMPS

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Stamps in Sets, Folders, Bags and Single.

Assortment of Stamps and Post Card

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Postage Stamp Catalogues for 1910.

Stock Books, Duplicate Pocket Books

Transparent Envelopes.

Two-part, Magnifying Glasses, Perforation

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Novels, Books for parlour and household

use. Toy Books for Children.

Prayer Books, Religious Pictures, Postcards

Medals, Statuettes, Flower Seeds,

Relief Maps and Scrap Albums.

MANILA CIGAR AND

CIGARETTES.

Inspection invited.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1910.

THE RICHEST TIN FIELD.

OPERATIONS IN MALAY STATES.

THE MEN AND THE PLANTS.

The growth of an Australian interest in the working of the tin deposits of the Malay States, keen as it has been of late in being quickened by the further investigations of Australian engineers and others and the information of additional companies whose first and all-important intention it is to operate at lower cost than those incurred by the Chinese. As is generally known, the Federated Malay States produce about 60 per cent. of the world's tin. The methods of the Chinese have for many years past returned high profits, but the time has arrived for the introduction by the British of modern appliances whereby larger quantities of material can be treated at a correspondingly reduced cost.

Australia having had many years of experience in dredging by the two methods—bucket and suction pump—an opportunity is now offered by which our energies may find profitable outlet in other fields. The opinions of Mr. J. S. Henry, whose ability as a dredging expert in Australia is well known, are of interest.

Mr. Henry has recently visited the Federated Malay States. In order to gain a knowledge of the methods of working the mines, he visited both large and small properties, and studied the manner of carrying on operations on the spot. Mining being a very ancient industry there, and the Chinese being a highly intelligent and persevering race, they have accumulated much knowledge from their past experience in working ground and adapting methods to local requirements, and have become expert in saving tin, the quantity of which varies in different parts of the islands.

Mr. Henry's attention was called to the fact that at the North Tambun mine, which is near the town of Ipoh, situated in the picturesque Kinta Valley—the greatest tin-producing centre of the world—an Australian company hopes by careful management and a suitable plant, to keep operative costs down to 9d per cubic yard with a suction-pump dredge, as against a considerably higher cost per yard of alluvial material handled in many of the mines.

"The cost of working this property by Chinese methods would greatly exceed 9d per cubic yard," Mr. Henry replied. "North Tambun is a good property, but of limited area, and if operations are well-directed from the beginning this should be a success of company. On the other hand, if good management and a suitable plant are not secured, the result will be disappointing. However, this company has an opportunity of demonstrating what Australians can do on areas similar to its own."

"A tendency is noticeable among Australian companies," Mr. Henry added, "to run away with the idea that because they have Chinese labour they are going to reduce their costs considerably below those at which similar ground is being worked in Australia. This is a mistake that should be guarded against. However, with suitable areas and plants designed to work under local conditions Australians will have an opportunity of doing economical work. It is somewhat difficult to secure men who possess the qualifications required by those directing operations in the East, as not only is a thorough knowledge of the practical side of his work required, but also he has to possess those qualifications which will enable him to appreciate the value of native labour, win and retain the confidence of his employees, and use their knowledge of the mining for the benefit of his company. It will be easily recognised that these qualifications are not often combined. On a small proposition a manager has a great amount of clerical work to do in keeping his directors fully informed of the progress of the work in hand."

Questioned regarding the outlook for Australian-built plants, Mr. Henry replied that the well-known engineering firm of Thompson and Co. had already sent several suction-pump plants to Cornwall, South Africa, and West Africa, and that Australians had gone there to take charge of them. The Victorian company mentioned had also despatched many similar plants to the Federated Malay States.

Our Melbourne correspondent telegraphed on Friday that Mr. Frank Lush, formerly of Ballarat and a graduate of the School of Mines, had been entrusted with the responsibilities of supervising the erection of a sluicing plant on the New Quay Moor, in Cornwall, where about 5,000 acres have been acquired by a company to develop the alluvial tin resources in the duchy, which bores have indicated to be payable. Most of the plant will be procured in Australia, and Australian methods are to be employed.

"If," Mr. Henry added, "Australian companies by good management combined with the use of the right kind of plant show that working costs can be reduced, they will do much to open up a profitable field for Australian enterprise."

Mr. Henry emphasised the fact that every property taken up should be carefully as well as systematically prospected. Much capital had been unprofitably invested owing to the value of this important point not being appreciated. They had now arrived at a very critical stage of the history of the industry. The future of alluvial tin-mining lay in the development of low-grade shows where, necessarily, large quantities of material had to be handled at low costs.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

In Casks of 375 lbs. net \$5.50 per Cask

on Factory.

In Bags of 50 lbs. net \$3.45 per Bag

on Factory.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 14th August, 1910.

WEATHER-FORECAST AND STORM-WARNINGS ISSUED FROM THE HONGKONG OBSERVATORY.

METEOROLOGICAL SIGNALS.

Meteorological signals are hoisted on the mast in front of the Water Police Station at Tsim Sha Tsui for the information of masters of vessels leaving the port. They do not necessarily imply that bad weather is expected here.

Signal No.

1. A CONE point upwards

Indicates a Typhoon to the North of the Colony.

2. A CONE point upwards and DOWN below

Indicates a Typhoon to the North-East of the Colony.

3. A DRUM

Indicates a Typhoon to the East of the Colony.

4. A CONE point downwards and DRUM below

Indicates a Typhoon to the South-East of the Colony.

5. A CONE point downwards

Indicates a Typhoon to the South of the Colony.

6. A CONE point downwards and RAIL below

Indicates a Typhoon to the South-West of the Colony.

7. A RAIL

Indicates a Typhoon to the West of the Colony.

8. A CONE point upwards and RAIL below

Indicates a Typhoon to the North-West of the Colony.

Red Signals indicate that the centre is believed to be more than 300 miles away from the Colony.

Black Signals indicate that the centre is believed to be less than 300 miles away from the Colony.

The above signals will, as heretofore, be hoisted only when typhoons exist in such positions or are moving in such directions that information regarding them is considered to be of importance to the Colony or to shipping leaving the harbour.

These signals are repeated at the Harbour Office, H.M.S. Tamar, Green Island Signal Mast, and the Flagstaff on the premises of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company at Kowloon.

URGENT SIGNAL.

In addition to the above, when it is expected that the wind may increase to full typhoon force at any moment, the following Urgent Signal will be made at the Water Police Station, and repeated at the Harbour Office—

THREE EXPLOSIVE BOMBS, AT INTERVALS OF TEN SECONDS.

A Black Cross will be hoisted at the same time, superior to the other shapes.

NIGHT SIGNALS.

The following Night Signals will be exhibited on the Flagstaff on the roof of the Water Police Station at Kowloon, the Harbour Office Flagstaff, and H.M.S. Tamar.

I. Three Lights Vertical, Green Green Green, indicates that a typhoon is believed to be situated more than 300 miles from the Colony.

II. Three Lights Vertical, Green Red Green, indicates that a typhoon is believed to be situated less than 300 miles from the Colony.

III. Three Lights Vertical, Red Green Red, indicates that the wind may be expected to increase to full typhoon force at any moment.

No. III. Signal will be accompanied by the Explosive Bombs, as above, in the event of the information conveyed by this signal being first published by night.

These Night Signals will be substituted for the Day Signals at sunset, and will, when necessary, be altered during the night.

SUPPLEMENTARY WARNINGS.

For the benefit of Native Craft and passing Ocean Vessels, a Cone will be exhibited at each of the following stations during the time that any of the above Day Signals are hoisted in the Harbour.

Gap Rock.

Waglan.

Stanley.

Cape Collinson.

Aberdeen.

Sau Ki Wan.

Sai Kung.

She Tin Kok.

Tai Po.

This will indicate that there is a depression somewhere in the China Sea, and that a Storm Warning is hoisted in the Harbour.

Further details can always be given to Ocean Vessels, on demand, by signal, from the Light-house.

F. G. FINE, Director.

4th July, 1910.

Intimation.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

WATSON'S
E
VERY OLD LIQUEUR
SCOTCH
WHISKY

A Blend of the Finest Pure Malt
Whiskies distilled in Scotland

OR
GENUINE AGE

FINE MELLOW
FLAVOUR.

Robert Porter & Co.'s

BULL DOG
BRAND
GUINNESS' STOUT
in PINTS and SPLITS.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
LIMITED.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
Hongkong, 7th July 1910.

BIRTH.

On July 25, 1910, at Kullang, to Dr. and Mrs. O. E. Blair, L. M. S. Tingchow, a son.

MARRIAGE.

On July 25, 1910, at the Church of the Sacred Heart, by the Rev. Father Moisan, in the presence of the Hon. Amos P. Wilder, U.S. Consul-General, Nellie Ferris, to Jos. G. Bell.

DEATHS.

On July 29, 1910, at "Kalee" Percy Holdsworth, aged 36 years.
On July 29, 1910, at St. Andrew's Chaplaincy, Shanghai, the Rev. Walter G. Taylor of the China Inland Mission, Wanchow, Chekwang, Acting Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, aged forty-eight years.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1910.

ANOTHER AMERICAN BOYCOTT.

It must have been with feelings somewhat akin to dismay that our American cousins learned lately of the determination made by the Six Companies of San Francisco to institute a second boycott of American goods in China. True, the proposals for commencing the boycott do not emanate from the council of that formidable organisation itself, but from a body styled the "League of Justice," which, however, may be safely regarded as being entirely representative of the Six Companies. While the last American boycott was in progress, its effect upon the trade of the United States in China were eminently disastrous. The thoroughness with which the boycott was carried out, then, was proof of the amazing power of combination possessed by the Chinese. It showed to all the world that they are not to be considered a negligible quantity in the commercial field, whatever be the esteem in which the Imperial Government is held by other countries. It is only natural, therefore, that this threat of a second boycott should be viewed with alarm, to say the least of it, by manufacturers in the United States whose principal consumer is China. A relaxation of the first American boycott was only made after the immigration grievances of the Chinese had been met, more or less, to their satisfaction. A certain conciliatory effect also was procured by reason of the United States waiving their claim to the second moiety of their Boxer indemnity amounting to \$1,000,000 (gold), which money was utilized in sending Chinese students to America. The cause of the new boycott appears to be chiefly in the immigration laws affecting the Chinese, with particular reference to the detention sheds

on Angel Island at San Francisco. A member of the League of Justice describes its objects thus:—"The Chinese, not only in San Francisco, but throughout the country in general, have felt for some time that they were not being treated with the justice and equality they have a right to expect. The Chinese residents of this country are now somewhat of a factor in its commercial prosperity and the formation of such an organisation as this League of Justice is necessary for the purpose of obtaining a proper recognition of our rights. In this matter of placing the detention sheds at Angel Island we feel that we have been treated most unfairly. If we wish to act as witnesses for any of our compatriots we are forced to lose a whole day in going to the island and returning. Then, on the island we are not granted the courtesy we have a right to expect, if only because of our commercial standing in this city. We have appealed to Washington and have sent representatives there to plead our cause before the United States Government; our representative there promised when on his way through this port from China that he would do all in his power for us, and we have received similar assurances from many officials both Chinese and American. But nothing has been done for us and we are tired of being fed on promises. A boycott on American goods in China at the present time would result in a great loss to the commercial interests of the United States, but it is the only way we can show our power and demonstrate that if we are not treated with equality and justice in this country the American merchant can expect no better treatment in ours." That the Chinese of San Francisco are very much in earnest in this matter is already patent. Cablegrams, followed by letters and pamphlets, have been despatched to the leading commercial organisations in every port in China, asking the cooperation of these bodies. The Self-Government Society of Canton was among the first to be approached by the San Francisco Chinese and now that this potent organisation has decided upon the institution of a boycott there is little doubt that the commercial groups in the various ports of China will follow suit right willingly. The advice received by the Self-Government Society from San Francisco were accompanied by a draft for \$1,000 to defray initial expenses. At a special meeting of the Society convened for the purpose of considering the propositions put forward by the League of Justice, it was decided to take every possible means to boycott American goods in the two Kwang and to call upon the various commercial groups to co-operate in this movement. It looks as though the American merchants in China are about to have a very "rough time."

POKFULAM WATER SUPPLY.

At the meeting of the Sanitary Board yesterday, the vexed question of the Pokfulam water supply again came up for discussion. It will be within public recollection that the special committee appointed by the Board to consider the whole matter and report recommended that the use of Pokfulam Reservoir be dispensed with, as being a menace to the health of that section of the community which draws its household supplies therefrom. That report was unanimously adopted by the Board and forwarded to the Government. On the face of it, there appeared to be something strange in the recommendation made by the Sanitary Board anent the closing of Pokfulam, for if there is one thing more than another which affects the dweller in Hongkong it is the uncertainty of his domestic water supply; and even to suggest a lessening of our limited catchment area seems almost to smack of sacrilege. Certainly the Board were acting in good faith in sending this recommendation up to the Government. They were only following up the opinions expressed by their own experts, who were unanimous in condemning Pokfulam as a contaminated source of supply. And now we have in the Government's reply to the Board's recommendation to close the reservoir, an array of expert opinion all in favour of Pokfulam water and extolling its purity and sweetness. The Colonial Secretary in his covering letter pointed out that the celebrated civil engineer Mr. Osbert Chadwick in the course of his voluminous reports upon the water supply of Hongkong never had one word of condemnation to say against Pokfulam Reservoir or its gathering ground. On the contrary, the increased storage of water in Pokfulam Valley was recognised by him as a means of increasing the water supply. Mr. Frank Browne, the Government Analyst, in his report on the subject stated that "all collecting areas were more or less liable to contamination, but Pokfulam was far superior to other well-known home supplies. The lifting amount of nitrates in Pokfulam water was very significant. It should be borne in mind that there must be considerable pollution to be harmful. The remarkable content of the composition of Pokfulam water showed that the amount of impurity must be excessively small, as such cumulative would show itself in the analytical figures during the dry season. From what was known to him of the Hong-

kong public water supplies the Government need not at any time hesitate to give up the monthly examinations, as the supervision only was quite sufficient. However, this step need not be taken without good reason; as the reports, in a large shipping centre like Hongkong, seem to serve a useful purpose. The Government has been asked to give up the Pokfulam collecting area. Should such gathering grounds be rejected for the reasons recently put forward in a public report there would be few if any public water supplies in any part of the world." Mr. Browne's view appears to our mind to be sound. From the correspondence laid on the Board table and from the report of the special committee it is to be gathered that in the catchment area of Pokfulam there is not only a risk of contamination but that there are actual dangers of pollution existing. Why should those dangers exist at all? Let the Sanitary Board eliminate those obvious sources of contamination. Instead of closing the reservoir, let them protect the catchment area against such pollution. To shut down Pokfulam because of easily removable dangers of contamination reminds one rather of the individual who cut off his nose to spite his face. One of the first steps that ought to be taken towards purifying Pokfulam catchment is the withdrawal of the permit granted to the military by the D. P. W. to dump building rubbish near Craig Ryrie, for, as Dr. Clark points out, the nature of the Chinese coolie is such that when he sees a heap of building rubbish he naturally regards the place as a general dumping ground, and proceeds to deposit rubbish of all sorts there. It is hardly to be expected that the Government will consent at this stage, to close Pokfulam altogether, but the Sanitary Board's representations in the matter will doubtless have a good effect towards a complete purification of the Pokfulam gathering ground.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

MR. L. D. Tebb, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., has been transferred on promotion to Hongkong.

At Marlborough House on 6th ult. Colonel Sir Frederick Lugard (Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Hongkong) was received in audience by the King.

THE Hon. Mr. Henry Keswick, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., arrived at Shanghai on Thursday last from Hongkong on a short visit to the northern settlement.

TELEGRAMS from Berlin state that a semi-official denial has been issued of the rumour that Admiral von Tirpitz, Secretary for the Navy, has resigned. This is regarded as a blow for the agitators for an Anglo-German naval understanding.

A NATIVE from Aberdeen was awarded six months' hard labour at the Magistracy this morning for returning from banishment. Another native from the same locality was given fourteen days' hard labour and four hours' stocks for stealing a jacket.

LOUIS Comar, proprietor of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood in the Police Court this morning with selling rum not of the quality required. Inspector Withers prosecuted and Mr. Reader Harris appeared for the defendant. The case was adjourned.

AT the Public Works Department yesterday afternoon, a plot of land, 3,900 square feet in area, north of Macdonnell Road, was sold by public auction. It was bought by Major H. J. T. Fisher, A.S.C., for the Christian Science Society for \$925, \$10 above the upset price.

AS Prince Kuang, Anti-Opium Commissioner, has obtained information that the Manchou General-in-Chief of Hangchow is heavily addicted to opium-smoking, he proposes to ask the Throne to have the General transferred to Peking to undergo an official test.

ACCORDING to the latest official returns, the foreign residents of Seoul, other than Japanese, number 2,409, including 2,053 Chinese, 138 Americans, 88 British, 57 French, and 90 Russians. There are nine Americans, eight British, six French, and five Russian sailors.

THE Admiralty announce the appointment of Commander H. Lynes to the *Cadmus*, additional, to date August 2, and in command on recommissioning, undated; and of Commander H. R. Veale to the *Glo*, additional, to date August 2, and in command on recommissioning, undated.

LIEUTENANT C. E. Steller has been appointed to the *Tamar*, receiving ship at Hongkong, for navigation duties. This officer has served in the fleet for over 12 years, having been appointed a supplementary lieutenant in January, 1895, and is qualified to navigate a first-class battleship or cruiser. Lieutenant Steller was employed for some time on survey service in the Antipodes and Chinese waters.

TSUNG Pook-son, chief editor, and Tsang Foo-sun, sub-editor of the *National Herald*, were charged at the Mixed Court at Shanghai, with having, on the 26th of May, 1910, unlawfully, wickedly and maliciously written, and published in a certain Chinese paper, called the *Shen Chon Jih-pao* a false, scandalous, malicious and defamatory libel against H. H. M. Government at Wei-hai-wei entitled "The Distasteful Frigate of the Po Hai Jih-pao," and Yih Chi-sun, manager and editor, and Zan pho-sun, editor of the *Tsin To-pao*, were charged with a similar offence, in articles entitled "Alleged Conduct of British Authorities" and "Notes on the Harsh Treatment of Chinese by the British Authorities at Wei-hai-wei."

Anti-American Boycott.

PROCLAIMED AT CANTON.

SELF-GOVERNMENT SOCIETY INITIATES PROPAGANDA.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Canton, 2nd August.
A meeting was held yesterday at 2 p.m. of the Canton Self-Government Society at which there were present several hundred people. The letter received by the Society was read before the assembly. It gave rise to considerable discussion, resulting in a resolution being passed to the effect that a boycott be instituted against the Americans for their differential treatment of Chinese on their arrival at San Francisco. It was also resolved by the meeting that telegrams be sent to Chinese in all places in China and those abroad in foreign countries, inviting them to join in the boycott movement and urging them to maintain a firm stand in the matter until such time as the American Exclusion Law shall have been modified in accordance with the wishes of the Chinese.

It is rather remarkable that on this occasion the Chinese commercial organisations in Hongkong have not yet been advised of the boycott nor asked to lend their assistance in carrying it out. Several of the leading Chinese in the Colony, interviewed to-day by a representative of the *Telegraph*, professed entire ignorance of the boycott having been instituted. Apparently the Hongkong organisations have not been approached directly by their San Francisco compatriots as they were when the last American boycott was set on foot and there appears to be a disinclination on the part of the local merchant groups to take a lead from the Self-Government Society of Canton. The next few days, however, will doubtless bring enlightenment on the subject.

At the same meeting it was also decided to send a joint telegraphic memorial to the Imperial Government requesting them to conclude a treaty between China and Siam, and to appoint a Chinese Minister in that country in order to protect Chinese residents there.

CLAIM AGAINST CINEMATOGRAPH PROPRIETORS.

CHAIRS WHICH GAVE WAY.

Before Mr. Justice Hazland, Acting Puisne Judge, in the Sumner Court this morning, Tye Yik, carpenter, of No. 24, Hing Lung Street, sued Messrs. Ramos and Ramos, proprietors of the Empire Cinematograph, to recover the sum of \$600, being as to \$498, balance due for goods sold and delivered, \$33 for work done in repairing 130 chairs and \$15 for amount of rent paid for storing 360 chairs. Mr. E. Davidson, of Messrs. Hastings and Hastings, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. F. X. d'Almada represented the defendants.

Mr. d'Almada stated that the contract was that the whole of the work was to be done according to a certain sample. The chairs were to be made of teakwood. The plaintiff made the chairs and duly delivered them to the defendants. The chairs were used but within three days the whole thing came off, the seats and joints giving way. Plaintiff was sent for by the man who introduced him to the defendants, but the latter could not be found, having gone to celebrate the Ching Ming festival. In the meantime the chairs were giving way and they were obliged to engage another contractor, who put on clamps to fix up the chairs, the work costing \$184. A month later the plaintiff returned to the Colony and went to defendant's premises. He was told by the defendants that owing to defective work they were mulcted in extra expenses and that the amount would have to be deducted from the contract price. The plaintiff did not say anything at the time and some time later, the plaintiff did other work for the defendants, which the latter admitted.

In the course of the proceedings, the parties intimated their desire to come to a settlement and the case was stopped.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Legislative Council will be held to-morrow at 3.30 p.m. The following are the orders of the day:

1. Financial Minutes. (Nos. 63 to 65.)
2. Report of the Finance Committee. (No. 8.)
3. Resolution:—

"That the percentage on the valuation of tenements payable as rates in the undementioned places be altered from the 1st day of October, 1910, as follows:—

Taihang From 9 to 10 1/2
Tungchow " 10 1/2 " 12 1/2
Whitfield " 10 1/2 " 12 1/2
Shaokwan Road, as far as
L.L. 1640 " 10 1/2 " 12 1/2

First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for the segregation and treatment of lepers.

First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Marriage Ordinance, 1875.
Third reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Crown Lands Resumption Ordinance, 1900, and to make special provision for the Resumption of Crown Lands of small value for public purposes.

Committee on the Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for the narrowing, stopping up, diversion, turning or alteration in level of Highways.
Committee on the Bill entitled An Ordinance to authorise the Appropriation of a Supplementary Sum of Three hundred and fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty-three Dollars and thirty-two Cents, to defray the Charges of the Year 1909.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Tramway Ordinance, 1903.

O. CLERMONT,
Clerk of Council.
Will not be proceeded with at this meeting.
At a meeting of the Finance Committee will be held immediately after the Council.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(We do not necessarily endorse the opinions expressed by Correspondents in this column.)

THE POKFULAM RESERVOIR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH."

SIR,—We have mercifully been spared a serious water famine this year. A timely typhoon filled our reservoirs, and to the inhabitants of the lower levels were at last restored the elemental decencies of the bath, as well as water to wash the floors and keep the house clean. Without the Pokfulam Reservoir what would these poor people do? The Taitam extension is not yet completed, and if it were, the Pokfulam Reservoir would still, in most people's opinion, serve a useful purpose. I note that the Government has given a reply to the report by the select committee of the Sanitary Board which recommended that the use of the Pokfulam Reservoir be dispensed with. The Government's reply is in exactly the sense of the remarks which you made upon that report at the time it was made. It seemed and still seems to me an inconsiderate and wastefully reckless act to give up the Pokfulam collecting area. "Should such gathering grounds," we read in that part of the Government's reply which was written by the Government Analyst, "be rejected for the reasons recently put forward in a public report, there would be few if any public water supplies in any part of the world." Now there is no contradicting this, any reasonable man must agree with the Government in this matter. It has been shown that soldiers' wives do not wash their clothes in the Mount Austin ditches, and that no sewage ever goes anywhere near it. The very small quantity of "clean building rubbish" which is deposited within the area is almost the only pig, (to use a poor metaphor) whereon the opponents of the reservoir can hang an even light of weight accusation. It is asserted that if any rubbish, building rubbish for instance, is deposited anywhere, "the nature of the Chinese coolie is such that he naturally regards the place as a general dumping ground, and proceeds to deposit rubbish of all sort." Why this qualification "Chinese?" I confidently declare that labourers of the same class of any nation would do the same. The dangers which impend over our water supply here are shared with us by almost every large community confined to a small space. Much has been made of the difference between chemical examination of water. I have the deepest respect for chemists and an equally deep respect and even admiration for bacteriologists. I may therefore say without diffidence that for the present a plain layman has a clear course before him. Chemists agree; bacteriologists do not. A mind trained and cultivated in other branches of science, habits bewildered in the face of the amazing contradictions of bacteriology. Some authorities advise us to sterilize our milk; others urge us to do nothing of the kind. Some say that even the Berkeley filter is a cause of danger; I know at least two learned physicians who never drink anything but water filtered through a Berkeley pump filter. My experience of the Chinese has been long and intimate. I have known very few deaths among them directly traceable to bad water, except in a cholera epidemic. The fact is that all Chinese abhor drinking cold water. They always boil it if they can, and the poorest of them drink weak tea when he is thirsty. True, I have seen chair-bearers drink cold water from a roadside pool, but that was in a district devoid of rest-houses, and the nearest village was ten miles away, and the men were parched with thirst. There are exceptions, of course, to the rule that every Chinese doctor insists on, and which practically all his countrymen obey, "Never drink cold water, it is poison." Far less mischief than some people appear to imagine is done by water out here. It is the lack of water that is hurtful. Dirt is the enemy. Dirt on the body, dirt on the clothes, dirt in the house, dirt in the streets, Nature's remedy is water. If the Pokfulam reservoir is closed, thousands of people will be deprived of the means of washing themselves, their clothes and their houses. I cannot discover any records, of mortality due to drinking water from the Pokfulam Reservoir. This is owing to the fact, as I said before, that the Chinese boil their water, and drink weak tea. Europeans usually both filter and boil it. I agree with the Government that no case has been made out against this important source of water supply to thousands of people. The few precautions needed to prevent contamination, some fencing and a few gratings, are well worth taking. The great value in mere money of these waterworks is surpassed by their value as the source of the final absolute necessity of life to a huge population in a small area. To close this reservoir would be a stupid act of cruelty. Stupid because, as pointed out in the Government reply, quite needless. Cruel because those who would do this thing live where there is abundance of water, while by their action thousands of human beings would be suffering every note of the gamut that leads from discomfort to agony.—Yours, etc.,

THE TRIANGLE.

Hongkong, 3rd August.

BALIIS PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The handsome book-press so generously given annually by Mr. R. E. Bellion to the girls of this school, for excellence in English Composition, were to-day awarded to the successful candidates by the Director of Education, Mr. E. A. Irving. The following are the names of the winners:—

May Leabirel.
Shia Tak Hing.
Lai Po Yek.
Hilda Kong.
Wong Kwai Yu.
To Kuen Fong.
Luk Lai Tai-ling.

A BOMBAY telegram states that 320,000 chests of opium on 6th ult. realised an average of Rs. 9,064 (£137 10s.), as compared with Rs. 9,177 in 1909; Rs. 1,781 in May, and Rs. 5,371 in April.

THE MITCHELL-LEMM CASE.

INTERESTING DISCUSSION ARISES OUT OF MOTION FOR LEAVE TO APPEAL.

Before the Chief Justice, Sir Francis Pigott, and Mr. Justice Hazland, Acting Puisne Judge, sitting as a Full Court this morning, Mr. M. W. Slade, K.C., instructed by Mr. P. M. Hodgson, of Messrs. Ewen and Harrison, moved a motion for leave to appeal to the Privy Council from a decision of the Full Court delivered on the 15th July last in the case in which Capt. T. A. Mitchell sued John Lemm, architect, for damages for alleged criminal conversation with his wife. Mr. O. G. Alabaster, instructed by Mr. D. V. Stevenson, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon, appeared for the respondent.

Mr. Slade stated that that was a motion for leave to appeal to the Privy Council, inasmuch as the judgment delivered by the Court was wrong in fact and in law. The position set out the history of the case accurately. The appellant felt aggrieved at the judgment.

Mr. Alabaster said that the position also asked that the execution of judgment be suspended. He was instructed to oppose that. The application was made under Rule 5.

The Chief Justice—It's merely a question of procedure.

Mr. Alabaster—They are not as a right entitled to a suspension of execution of judgment. I ask that the time be cut down from three months to a much shorter period. I understand that the stay was asked for in order to enable the appellant to send home the papers but he has had heaps of time to do that and I understand that he has already received opinion from home. One month would be simply sufficient. It would be unjust to the respondent to grant the stay, but it would not be unjust to the appellant to refuse it because of a foreign attachment of \$30,000 to recoup him in respect of costs.

Mr. Slade—All the property is tied up. It is a most ingenious device on respondent's part to prevent the appeal. It's very difficult to dispose of the property.

The Chief Justice—The question is what security you should put up.

Mr. Alabaster—Yes, but the stay should not be granted if it is to do so would be just to the respondent and I submit it would be unjust to grant the stay.

The Chief Justice—What's your position, Mr. Slade?

Mr. Slade—Our position is that the property is under foreign attachment. We've sold part of the property and the sum of \$17,000 is in Court. The whole amount of the judgment and costs is \$20,000. Against that there is this sum of \$17,000 in Court from the sale of a portion of the property.

The Chief Justice—Assuming that there is \$30,000 in Court there's an end of the bond?

Mr. Slade—Yes.

Mr. Alabaster—The bond is for \$30,000. They may not value it but it has not been vacated yet. It's not only a case of respondent being kept out of the money for a very long period but respondent is a bankrupt and as long as he remains a bankrupt, he's subject to a penalty of \$100 a month to be paid to the Official Receiver to supply assets to creditors, simply because the appellant wishes to see whether this Court and the Court below are wrong in their judgments.

Mr. Slade—We are perfectly willing to fall in with my friend's wishes provided he'll furnish security.

Mr. Alabaster—We'll endeavour to give security.

Mr. Slade—You must.

At this point, the Chief Justice intimated that Mr. Alabaster's point would be allowed, subject to security being provided.

HONGKONG WATER POLO SHIELD COMPETITION.

V.R.C. vs C.Y.C.

The first match in the semi-final of the above competition took place yesterday afternoon in the Victoria Recreation Club bath, between the V.R.C. and the C.Y.C. The match was keenly watched by a large gathering of interested spectators. Mr. T. Meek acted as referee.

The teams were as follows:—

V.R.C.—L. E. Lammeri, J. Forbes, A. A. Claxton, A. S. Ellis, H. A. Lammeri, A. H. Carroll and A. V. Barros.

C.Y.C.—R. C. Wittichell, C. J. Cooke, C. Bunji, T. Logan, F. C. S. Rose, G. Wittichell and Hay.

The game was a fast and exciting one in the first half, and when the whistle sounded for play Logan secured the leather and, passed it to R. C. Wittichell who countered it to Cooke, and the latter had the first opportunity to have a try at the opponent's goal which went wide. After this Ellis got possession of the ball and sent it to Claxton; he tried a punch in but missed. Immediately after this Ellis, Claxton and H. A. Lammeri played an excellent combination game; the latter scored the first goal of the game. Before the whistle sounded for half time Cooke had a couple of tries which went too wide.

The second half of play was similar to that of the first. Soon after the start H. A. Lammeri swam away from Bunji and scored the second and last goal of the game. Cooke now tried Forbes again with a stinger, but the latter was just the man in the right place and cleared the leather every time. Ellis now had a beautiful opportunity of scoring, but somehow or other his shot went too high. Soon after this Barros sent in a stinger which was disallowed as he was within the two yards line. Before time was called both teams had a few more tries, but nothing was added to the score. The whistle then sounded for time with the "Old Club" a winner by a goal to nil.

RETURN of visitors to the City Hall Library and Museum for the week ending the 31st July, 1910:—

Library Museum
Non-Chinese 477
Chinese 1,122
Total 1,600

HONGKONG GYMKHANA CLUB.

EXTRA MEETING.

The programme of the extra gymkhana meeting to be held at the Happy Valley, on Saturday, 6th inst., (weather permitting), is as follows:

FIVE FURLONGS FLAT RACE, HANDICAP.—For all ponies which have started at Gymkhana meetings this season and have not won Jockeys who won more than 5 races in Hongkong, Shanghai or Tientsin penalised 5 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. First prize: Presented, 2nd prize \$15. (Entrance fees to go to winner.)

Mr. J. H. N. Mody's Victoria Rose, 158 lbs.
Mr. Blunk's Slider Dhu, 150 lbs.
Mr. H. May's Monbeam, 154 lbs.
Mr. Ellis Kadourie's Roumanian Chief, 154 lbs.
Messrs. Scarlett and Potter's Nankin, 151 lbs.
Mr. O. K. A. Yarbrow, 151 lbs.
Major-General Broadwood's Rufus, 148 lbs.
Mr. John Bell-Irving's Younger Brother, 146 lbs.
Mr. H. Humphreys' Concomb, 146 lbs.
Mr. H. G. Marckwald's Hector, 140 lbs.

THREE QUARTERS OF A MILE FLAT RACE, HANDICAP.—For subscription flat races of the seasons 1908-1909 and 1909-1910. Jockeys who have won more than 5 races in Hongkong, Shanghai and Tientsin penalised 5 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. First prize: Presented, 2nd prize \$15. (Entrance fees to go to winner.)

Mr. Ellis Kadourie's Servian Chief, 158 lbs.
Mr. T. F. Hough's Cudrow, 154 lbs.
Capt. Heathcote's Tomahawk, 153 lbs.
Mr. N. J. Stabb's Cobalt, 152 lbs.
Mr. M. W. Slade's Twint 150 lbs.
Mr. L. N. Lee's Resolution, 148 lbs.
Mr. Neilson's Walnut Tree, 144 lbs.
Mr. C. M. Meyer's Issuar, 140 lbs.

TENT PEGGING IN SECTIONS OF THREE.

Open to teams, mounted on China ponies and composed of any three members of the Gymkhana Club. Three small cups to be presented to the winning team at each competition and at the conclusion of the season a trophy will be given to the team which scores the highest aggregate of points at all meetings included. In competing for the small cups a competitor need not necessarily represent the same team on each and every occasion, but if competing for the aggregate trophy he can only represent one team during the season, that is to say, he must continue to compete for the team first selected by him and for no other. To provide for sickness, absence from the Colony, or for improvement of a team, new members may from time to time be introduced into a team, but in order to win the aggregate trophy two at least of the members composing the winning team must have competed in not less than three competitions. Entrance fee \$1 each man each Gymkhana.

The committee of the Gymkhana Club will appoint a Judge who will judge this competition throughout the season and whose decision shall be final. In the case of illness or absence of any Judge appointed the committee shall appoint a substitute.

The Magpies.
Mr. H. J. Gedge Mr. O. H. Ross
Mr. G. C. Moxon Mr. E. M. Bishop
Mr. R. F. C. Master Mr. J. Johnstone
The Buff's B Team.
The Hon. P. G. Scarlett
Mr. Davidson
Mr. M. M. Brice

The R. G. A. Team. The Buff's A Team.
Capt. Twiss Major Eaton
Capt. Finch Mr. Potter
Capt. Loring Mr. Crookenden

MARKS.
Mr. Gedge's team, 105 The Buff's B team, 63
The R. G. A. team, 102 Mr. Blason's team, 54
The Magpie's team, 50 The Naval team, 20
The Buff's A team, 85

LADIES' NOMINATION RACE. "THE COMPLETE ANGLER" STAKES. Gentlemen competitors will start from a given point mounted on China ponies and will ride to another given point where they will hand ponies to maids and dismount. Each competitor will carry a fishing rod. On dismounting he will run to a third given point with fishing rod, where his lady nominator will be awaiting him. He will hand fishing rod to the lady who will proceed to a "lake" where she will fish as directed. On catching fish, lady will run about ten yards to the judge, carrying her fish on her hook as caught. Lady first reaching judge with fish on hook as caught to win. First, second and third prizes presented by the Gymkhana Club. No entrance fee.

LL. Col. Bayard, Nominatrix Mrs. Geddes
Mr. M. M. Brice " Mrs. Sutherland
Mr. H. B. L. Dowbiggin " Miss Clark
Capt. Finch " Mrs. Finch
Major A. D. Geddes " Miss Cunningham
Mr. H. F. Hickman " Mrs. Humphreys
Mr. F. B. Hitchcock " Mrs. Hitchcock
Mr. John Johnston " Mrs. Keawick
Mr. O. H. Ross " Mrs. Ross
The Hon. P. G. Scarlett " Mrs. Eaton

Post entries will be accepted until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

ONE MILE DIVIDED HANDICAP.—LOWER DIVISION. For all China ponies. Jockeys who have won more than 5 races in Hongkong, Shanghai and Tientsin penalised 5 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. First prize: Presented, 2nd prize \$15. (Entrance fees to go to winner.)

Capt. Heathcote's Tomahawk 158 lbs.
Mr. J. H. N. Mody's Victoria Rose 153 lbs.
Mr. H. May's Monbeam 154 lbs.
Mr. Ellis Kadourie's Roumanian Chief 154 lbs.
Mr. Ellis Kadourie's Nankin Chief 151 lbs.
Messrs. Scarlett and Potter's Nankin 151 lbs.
Major-General Broadwood's Rufus 148 lbs.
Mr. John Bell-Irving's Younger Brother 146 lbs.
Mr. H. Humphreys' Barry 140 lbs.

ONE MILE DIVIDED HANDICAP.—HIGHER DIVISION. For all China ponies. Jockeys who have won more than 5 races in Hongkong, Shanghai and Tientsin penalised 5 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. First prize: Presented, 2nd prize \$15. (Entrance fees to go to winner.)

RAUB AUSTRALIAN GOLD MINING CO., LTD.

MINING AND MILLING REPORT FOR THE FOUR WEEKS ENDING JULY 16TH, 1910.

MINES.

Bukit Koman. Main Shaft is now 22 ft. below the 54 ft. level.
310 ft. Level N. A. Wier has been sunk a depth of 21 ft. from the level and connected with the 440 ft. level stop; this Wier will serve as a "shute" for refilling the stop with waste.

440 ft. Level S. No. 2 Wier has been sunk a further 3 ft. giving a total depth of 100 ft. below 440 ft. level, at this point it connected with the 540 ft. level drive.
540 ft. Level N. Main drive advanced 18 ft. giving a total length from Wier of 115 ft. and 242 ft. from Main Shaft. The lode in this drive has averaged 26 25 dwts. per ton over a width of 31 inches, for the 18 ft. driven during the month.

540 ft. Level S. Main drive advanced 15 ft. total length from main cross-cut, 233 ft. The lode in this drive has a strong appearance, but is of low grade. This drive is connected with the Wier, and is now well ventilated.
Stopes—440 ft. Level N. Stope produced 497 tons.

Stopes 440 ft. Level S. Stope produced 400 tons.
540 ft. Level N. Stope produced 187 tons.
540 ft. Level S. Stope produced 54 tons.
440 ft. — 540 ft. Stope produced 36 tons.

STOPE MINE.

150 ft. Level S. on W. Lode advanced 36 ft. total 104 ft.; the lode has fallen off in quality assaying only 1.25 dwts. per ton. The drives on the west lode have opened good stopping ground.

Stopes—On W. Lode produced 474 tons of stone.
Stopes On Main Lode produced 1,175 tons of stone.

ANDERSON'S
280 ft. Level N. Main drive advanced 20 ft. total 379 ft. We have the lode again in this drive, it was "faulted" a few feet to the east.

280 ft. Level S. Main drive advanced 33 ft. total 319 ft.
360 ft. Level S. Drive on E. lode advanced 34 ft. total 131 ft. The lode in this drive is not rich, but carries gold throughout.

Stopes—N. on W. lode produced 100 tons of stone.
Stopes N. on Main lode produced 185 tons of stone.
Stopes S. on W. lode produced 325 tons of stone.

Main Shaft—Sinking has been resumed, and 2 ft. were sunk, giving a depth of 23 ft. below 260 ft. level.

General—At Anderson's the engine with clutch gear has been completed, and is now available when required for working the Cornish Pump.

A new pump has been laid down at the Mill reservoir for supplying the Mill with water and is working satisfactorily.

A flume 210 ft. x 3 ft. x 2 ft. and 1 ft. has been laid down at 2 amper, to carry the overflow water from the settling tanks. The flume was badly needed, as the water had cut a deep groove into the hill side, and there was a danger of the settling tank, or at least a part of it, falling into the ravine.

MILLING SHEET FOR FOUR WEEKS ENDING JULY 16TH, 1910.

BUKIT KOMAN.

40 stamps ran 26.83 days. Loss of 1.17 days caused by mishap on "Transmission Line," repairs to Mill, cleaning up, &c.

Stones Crushed Bukit Koman 1967 tons
" Anderson 974
" 59 2,889

Huastington Mill ran 10 days.
Stones Crushed Bukit Koman 68
" Anderson 93
" 21 182

Producing Amalgam 2,957 ozs.
" Return Gold 1,014
" Bullion 1,095 816 ozs.

Average yield per ton 7.130 dwts.
Loss in tailings per ton 1.56 per ton
BUKIT MALACCA.

No. 1 Mill ran 25 87 days
Crushing got tons of stone from Stope & Anderson Mines.

No. 2 " 25 87 days
Producing Amalgam 691 ozs.
" Return Gold 369
" Bullion 264

Average yield per ton 5.86 dwts.
Total Tons crushed 3971
Amalgam 36 888.
Return Gold 1,383
Bullion 1,350 816 ozs.

Average fineness 895 36
Average yield per ton 6.847 dwts.
Cyanide Gold 47.55 x 21. fineness 616—
22 13 2 per oz

Grit Mills Amalgam 136 ozs. Return gold 55 ozs. Bullion 51 ozs.
Wifley Tables. Amalgam 15 ozs. Return gold 5 ozs.

WM. J. OATES, Manager.

INTERPORT CARNIVAL.

HONGKONG TEAM ACCEPT INVITATION.

Yesterday, Mr. Frank Lamont, hon. sec. of the V.R.C., received a telegram from the Secretary of the S.I.S.C. inquiring whether the 1st and 2nd and 3rd of September will suit the Hongkong team. A reply was despatched stating that the dates have been accepted and that the team would leave at the end of this month for Shanghai.

MORE TIGERS.

Recently a singular adventure befell a gentleman who was motoring in Daily Sunway. At two o'clock in the morning, a lamp on the car suddenly went to pieces, and the car ran over something. The speed was so great that this almost escaped notice. The car was stopped, and an examination disclosed the fact that a tiger was crouching on the road just ready to spring when the car struck it. The traces of the tiger were visible enough. It had disappeared in the falling grass on the roadside.

THE "TEISUREI MARU" DISASTER.

INTERVIEW WITH SURVIVORS.

MISSING BOAT TURNS UP.

By the western express which reached Kobe Station at 10.20 last night, reports the *Kobe Herald* of 27th ult., several of the first class passengers who were wrecked in the *Teisurei Maru* arrived here. The party consisted mainly of military officers (including Major Onaka, Captain Yukawa and Yemura) Mr. W. B. Cunningham, British Vice-Consul at Osaka, and Mr. Okabe, Chairman of the Japanese residents at Inako. A few ladies and children were amongst the party. In a brief interview with Mr. Cunningham and Captain Yukawa kindly granted a *Herald* representative on arrival at Kobe Station, it was learned that all the party had lost practically all their baggage and effects, having only been able to save what they stood up in. Naturally all looked somewhat

fagged and weatherbeaten, but seemed quite cheerful and only too thankful that they had escaped. Several Osaka Shosen Kaisha officials were at the station to meet the shipwrecked party and express their sympathy with them in the trying and perilous experiences they had gone through. Each of the unfortunate passengers received a present of baskets of fruit while the train was at the Station. It was a little thing in itself, but it was a mark of attention which did not pass unnoticed. It is evident that the passengers had a much more trying time than one would suppose from the accounts already published here. Mr. Cunningham stated that excellent order prevailed on board the *Teisurei Maru* when the disaster happened and subsequently everything possible being done by Capt. Ito and his officers not only for the safety of the ship but for the protection and comfort of the passengers. The

BOATS WERE SENT AWAY

about half-an-hour after the ship struck. The boat in which Mr. Cunningham and his fellow-travellers were accommodated was placed in charge of the Second Officer and four sailors. All had to take turns at the oars, which they did, willingly enough. The orders were to steer for the Kashihima Light-house, believed to be, approximately, about two miles distant, but a heavy fog shut down before the boat had gone far and the boat was carried out of her course. After rowing and occasionally sailing all night, for about 10 hours, an island was descried ahead and the boat's course was then shaped for it. After rowing around it to discover a suitable place to land, the boat was run ashore in a small cove and there, after much difficulty, the party was landed. The island proved to be uninhabited but the boat's sails were taken on shore and a rough shelter was put, and these huddled up in such blankets and coverings as the party had brought, they remained for a few hours, trying to keep warm. Late in the forenoon (Saturday) the fog lifted, again, revealing several other islands, some distance off. After

A CONSULTATION

it was decided to take to the boat again and make for the nearest large island. The trip was accomplished without mishap and the shipwrecked party again reached terra firma shortly after noon. On this island a few Korean fishermen were found but their miserable hovels (too low to admit entrance in comfort) could not be utilized, and again the party made themselves as comfortable as they could under the boat's sails, &c. There, however, they managed to get some eggs and a little tea. It was rough and meagre fare, but it proved most acceptable to the famished wanderers. A few hours later a steam fishing smack was sighted and an offer was made to take the unfortunate people to Mokpo, but this was declined in view of the obvious risks. Shortly afterwards, however, a small steamer put in an appearance and on this the hungry and wearied wayfarers were conveyed to Mokpo where they were placed on a small coaster, the *Final Maru*, belonging to the Amagasaki S. S. Co. and brought in safety to Shimoda.

THE COMPANY'S OFFICIALS

did everything in their power to mitigate the discomfort and hardship of the trying situation and none of the party had any complaint to make. We may mention, by the way, that Captain Yu, who is on his way to Tokyo to undergo his second examination in English, which we hope he will be successful in passing, spoke in grateful terms of the care and usefulness shown by Mr. Cunningham in looking after the ladies and children on several occasions during what was to all a very trying and dangerous experience.

Commander Okuda, of the man-of-war *Yodo*, wired at 8 p.m. on the 25th the following report to the Naval Department. The warship left Chemulpo at noon on the 24th for the scene of the wreck of the *Teisurei Maru*. From 4 p.m. that day up to 9 a.m. the following morning, a dense fog hampered navigation. The *Yodo* arrived at the scene at 12.30 a.m. on the 25th, seven hours behind the time she was expected to arrive.

A SEARCH WAS COMMENCED

at once and such inquiries as were possible were made, the result being as follows:—The accident occurred at 8.15 p.m. on the 22nd. The position is in the vicinity of Ko-shima, off Mokotsu Island. At present, the hull is entirely submerged and nothing is visible above the surface. One of the six boats which left the ship has arrived at Ginji-ko and another at Kashihima. About forty persons on board these two boats were sent to Mokpo. But nothing has been ascertained about the other boats, four in number. They may have been carried in the direction of Dalkokusan Shima. News of the stranding of the *Mayana Maru* at Dalkokusan Shima, having been received, the warship steamed for the island at 3 p.m., leaving the *Minoshima*, which had arrived in the morning from Sasebo.

COMMERCIAL.

August 3rd, 3 p.m.
The following quotations for rubber shares, by wire, are supplied by Messrs. E. S. Kadourie & Co.:

Alagars	6/6
Anglo-Javas	11s 15
Anglo-Malays	26/6
Balgowles	18
Bato Tigas	11/1
Bertams	—
Bukit Kajangs (pp.)	63/
Bukit Rajahs	—
Carey United	26/3 prem.
Changfield	110/
Changkat Sordangs	114
Cheras (part paid)	233
Do. (fully paid)	216
Dumansaras	176/
Eastern Internationals	26/3 prem.
Fed. Selangors	—
Glenclyde	52.50
Glenshiels	—
Golden Hops	125/
Highlands and Lowlands	125/
Indragiri	35
Inch Kenneths	—
Jequils	—
Jonglandors	—
Kamunings	71/ prem.
Kuala Lumpurs	200/
Landrons (fully paid)	—
Landrons (ppd.)	—
Labus	—
Leiburns	80/
Liggins	57/5
London Asiatics	143
London Ventures	7/
Merlimans	71/
Pajamas	316
Pegohs	35/
Rubber Trusts	36/6 prem.
Sagass	330/
Sandycrofts	335
Sapongas	37/
Seafields	—
Sekongas	35/ prem.
Shelfords	78/9
Singapore & Johores	316
Sumatra Paras	15/
Sungei Chohs	17/6
Sungei Kapars	10/
Tandjongs	32/6 prem.
Tangkahs	22/6 prem.
Tocragies	2/ prem.
Ulu Rantus	—
United Serdangs	135/
United Singapore	51/5
United Sumatras	121/
United Langkats	80/
Para Rubber	9/3

NO. 5 BOAT.

about which much anxiety was felt, has been picked up by the O.S.K. steamer *Ano Maru*, and the occupants of the boat were safely landed at Mokpo on the 28th at 5.15 p.m.

A Shimoda message states that reports received there on the 26th, leave little room for hope for those who stood by the steamer. These are Captain Ito, Chief Yate, Tsuboi, Chief Engineer Ishii, 1st Engineer Hirayangi, and Engineer Nakamura, twelve cooks, one second class boy, two first class boys, two third class boys, Mr. Wagi, head-master of the Kwangtung Government Chugakko, one military man, two women and fifteen men, forty-one in all. They remained on the steamer when the boats cast off. Mr. Wagi, head-master of the Chugakko.

REFUSED TO GO IN THE BOATS

as he was confident that the *Teisurei Maru* would not go down. The soldier got into one of the boats but went back to the ship to get something. Most of the passengers, as a matter of fact, were under the impression that it would be safer to remain on board than to take to the boats. The Captain and other officers of the ship determined to stand by her in the hope that they might be able to save her.

Captain Ito, our readers will grieve to learn, leaves a young wife. She is temporarily residing in Midzuraui Cho, Nishinomiya. To add to the unfortunate lady's affliction she is expecting to be confined very shortly. Captain Ito's own house is in Tokio (Haruki Cho, a Chome, Hongko), where his father, mother, and his deceased brother's wife are living. His father was in Osaka a few days ago and only returned to Tokio on the evening of the 24th. The father first learned of the disaster from an extra of one newspaper, and he at once returned to Osaka. Captain Ito graduated from the Mercantile Marine College in 1901, and was only 33 years of age. He was one of the most trusted navigators in the O. S. K. service and when the late Prince Ito was travelling last year and arranged to cross over in the *Teisurei Maru*, Captain Ito was especially chosen to take command. He was a favourite of the late Prince, who presented him with a silver cigarette case when he left the steamer.

INDIAN OPIUM AT CANTON.

In the course of a letter to the newspapers, Mr. Joseph G. Alexander writes with reference to the statement that the British Consul-General of Canton had protested against the Viceroy's opium regulations, in the interest of the Indian opium trade:—

Has the Foreign Office really faced the consequences of this action? Either the Viceroy, if the Government at Peking supports him, will decline to give way, or he will have to resign, or to withdraw his regulations. In 1899, Sir James Forester told the House of Commons that "if the Chinese Government thought proper to raise the duty to a prohibitive extent, or shut out the article altogether, this country would not expend £1 in powder and shot, or lose the life of a soldier, in an attempt to force opium upon China." The present Government certainly cannot wish to withdraw from that position, after two unanimous votes of the last House of Commons have condemned the trade. If, on the other hand, the regulations have to be withdrawn, what is likely to be the attitude of the "Cantonese people"? They have twice within the last four years resorted to a boycott, one against the United States, the other against Japan. An anti-British boycott has been threatened before now, but never yet enforced. It is wise to forfeit the good will of a great people struggling to free itself from a national vice!

To-day's Advertisements.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, P. O. 14, on SATURDAY, the 20th day of August, 1910, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1910.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 8th August, to SATURDAY, the 20th August, 1910 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STABE,
Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910. [520]

BARMAIDS WANTED.

TWO BARMAIDS wanted, English, American or Australian, for Northern Port. Liberal Salary. 6 months Contract. Apply, stating particulars, before the 20th inst. care of this paper.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910. [521]

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 16th and 17th August, 1910, at 10 a.m. each day, at H.M. Naval Establishments, SUNDY OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL AND VICTUALLING STORES.

Comprising:—
OLD AND SURPLUS NAVAL STORES:—
CHAIN WOOD BLOCKS, HOSES, TOOLS, OLD IRON AND METAL, OLD MACHINERY, ELECTRIC CABLE AND GEAR, WOODBOXES, LEATHER, COAL SACKS, OLD INDIA RUBBER, OLD BOATS, FURNITURE, CARPETS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, CORDAGE, PAPERSTUFF, &c., &c.

OLD AND SURPLUS VICTUALLING STORES:—
CLOTHING, BLANKETS, MESS TRAPS, IMPLEMENTS, STAVES, and a quantity of ELECTRO-PLATED ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued.
Lots will be on View on afternoons of August 15th.

TERMS OF SALE:—As Customary.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers.
Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910. [522]

ONE of China's greatest needs is afforestation, and the Central Government is now arranging special commission to study this subject. The commission will go to Germany, where they will be given every facility in learning the art of forestry. Horticulture will also be included, and it is said that at the same time a Japanese commission will study the same subjects.

Events Coming.

Thursday, 4th August.
Legislative Council meeting, 2.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th August.
Gymkhana, Race Course, 3.30 p.m.
V.R.C. Aquatic Fete, 9 p.m.

Tuesday, 9th August.
Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.'s half-yearly meeting, noon.

Thursday, 11th August.
Auction sale of valuable Leasehold Property, at Mr. G. P. Lamont's, 3 p.m.

Friday, 12th August.
Auction sale of valuable Leasehold Property, at Mr. G. P. Lamont's 3 p.m.

Saturday, 20th August.
Hongkong Bank meeting, City Hall, at noon.

Monday, 22nd August.
Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co. meeting, at noon.

Thursday, 4th August.
Legislative Council meeting, 2.30 p.m.

Saturday, 6th August.
Gymkhana, Race Course, 3.30 p.m.
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Tuesday, 9th August.
Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.'s half-yearly meeting, noon.

Shipping—Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY CO.'S

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

"EMPRESS LINE."

Between China, Japan and Europe via Canada and the United States, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan), Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver B.C.

The only line that maintains a Regular Schedule of 15 DAYS YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER. 21 DAYS HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER. SAVING 4 TO 7 DAYS OCEAN TRAVEL.

Proposed Sailings from Hongkong and St. John, N.B., &c. (Subject to alteration).

Connecting with Royal Mail Atlantic Steamers.

From Hongkong.	From Quebec.
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN" SATURDAY, AUGUST 6TH.	"ALLAN LINE" FRIDAY, SEPT. 2ND.
"MONTEAGLE" TUESDAY, AUGUST 16TH.	"EMPRESS OF BRITAIN" FRIDAY, SEPT. 23RD.
"EMPRESS OF CHINA" SATURDAY, AUGUST 27TH.	"ALLAN LINE" FRIDAY, OCT. 14TH.
"EMPRESS OF INDIA" SATURDAY, SEPT. 17TH.	"EMPRESS OF IRELAND" FRIDAY, NOV. 4TH.
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN" SATURDAY, OCT. 8TH.	
"MONTEAGLE" TUESDAY, NOV. 8TH.	

Each Trans-Pacific "Empress" connects at Vancouver with a Special Mail Express Train and at St. John, N.B. or Quebec with Atlantic Mail Steamers as shown above. The "Empress of Britain" and "Empress of Ireland" are magnificent vessels of 14,500 tons, Speed 20 knots, and are regarded as second to none on the Atlantic. The "Empress" Steamers on the Pacific and on the Atlantic are equipped with the Marconi wireless apparatus.

Passengers booked to all the principal ports in Canada, the United States and Europe, also around the World.

HONGKONG TO LONDON, 1st Class, via Canadian Atlantic Port or New York (including meals and berth in sleeping car while crossing the American Continent by Canadian Pacific direct line) \$71.10/-

Passengers for Europe have the option of going forward by any Trans-Atlantic Line either from Canadian Ports or from New York or Boston.

SPECIAL THROUGH RATES—Special rates (First Class only) are granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Consular Services, European Civil Servants, Officials located in Asia, and to European Officials in the service of the Government of China and Japan, and the families. Full particulars on application from agents.

Through Passengers are allowed Stop over privileges at various points of interest en route.

R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE" carries only "One Class" of Saloon Passengers (termed Intermediate) the accommodation and commissariat being excellent in every way.

HONGKONG TO LONDON, Intermediate on Steamers and 1st Class in Canadian and American Railways.

Via Canadian Atlantic Port \$43

Via New York \$45

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to—

D. W. GRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent,

Corner Pedder Street and Praya (opposite Blake Pier).

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

(PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

From	Steamship	On
TIENTSIN	"CHIPSUNG"	FRIDAY, 5th Aug. Noon.
SHANGHAI	"HANGSANG"	FRIDAY, 5th August, Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"LAISANG"	FRIDAY, 5th Aug. 3 P.M.
MANILA	"LOONGSANG"	FRIDAY, 5th Aug. 4 P.M.
MANILA	"YUENSANG"	FRIDAY, 12th Aug. 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & MOJI	"FOOKSANG"	FRIDAY, 19th Aug. Noon.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occurring 24 Days).

The steamers *Kaituma*, *Namang* and *Fooking* leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.

Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Ubeon, Tientsin & Newchwang.

For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LD.,**

Telephone No. 215. Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910.

General Managers.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers	To Sail.
HAIPHONG	"SINGAR"	4th Aug. 8 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	4th " 4 P.M.
ILOILO and CEBU	"SUNGKIANG"	5th " 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"LINAN"	7th " Daylight.
QUEFOO & NEWCHOWANG	"NANGHANG"	8th " 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA & AUSTRALIA	"TAIYUAN"	21st " 4 P.M.

Reduced Saloon Fares, single and return, to Manila and Australian Ports.

DIRECT SAILING TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANOI."

AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in Staterooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. REDUCED FARES. Cargo booked through for all Australia, New Zealand and Tasmania Ports.

MANILA TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS and TIENSIN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in Staterooms and Dining Saloons.

SHANGHAI LINE.

FAST SCHEDULE TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS (*Anhui*, *Chowan*, *Linan*, *Chinshui*), with excellent passenger accommodation, Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms and Dining Saloons, leave Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday and Sunday, taking cargo in through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before midnight on Saturday for the Sunday morning sailings. A Company's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every Saturday night.

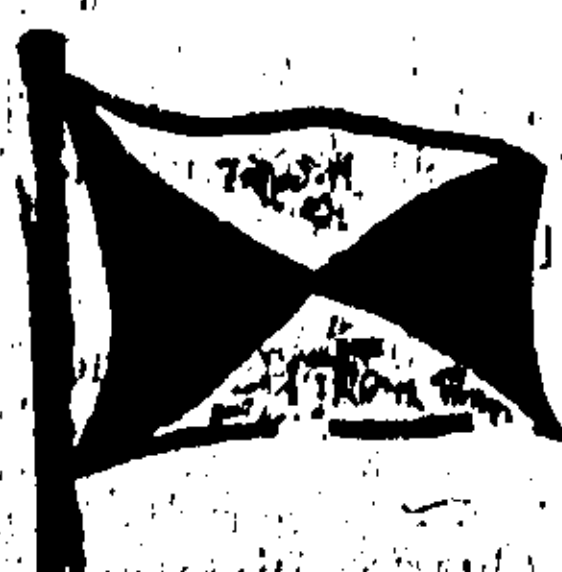
These steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

Fares:—\$45 single, \$80 return.

For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**

AGENTS.

Telephone No. 26. Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910.



HONGKONG—MANILA.

CHINA AND MANILA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship	Tons	Captain	For	Sailing Dates.
SAFRO	2500	A. Fraser	MANILA	SATURDAY, 6th Aug. at Noon.
RUBI	2500	K. Rodger	"	SATURDAY, 13th Aug. at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,

General Managers.

Hongkong, 3rd July, 1910.

Shipping—Steamers.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES. PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(Subject to Alteration.)

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

Connecting at TACOMA with

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND PUGET SOUND RAILWAY,

AND

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

(The only direct train service, without transshipment, also shortest and fastest route from the Pacific Coast to OHIOGAGO). Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Common Points in the U.S.A. and Canada, also to the principal Ports in Mexico, Central and South America.

For	Steamers	G. Tonnage	Leaves
TACOMA v. KEELUNG, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA	"CHICAGO MARU" Capt. I. Goto	6,182	WEDNESDAY, 10th Aug. at Noon.
TACOMA v. KEELUNG, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA	"TACOMA MARU" Capt. H. Yamamoto	6,178	WEDNESDAY, 7th Sept. at Noon.

The Co's newly built steamers have fair speed. Superior accommodation for storage passengers situated AMIDSHIP. A limited number of Cabin passengers carried at low rates. Best adapted rooms for carrying Silk, Treasure and Parcels. Special attention given towards Express connection.

HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS & FORMOSA SERVICE.

For	Steamers	Leaves
SHANGHAI via SWATOW, AMOY and FOOSHOW	"BUJUN MARU" Capt. Y. Fuzano	THURSDAY, 4th Aug. at Noon.
TASMU v. SWATOW & AMOY	"DAIJIN MARU" Y. Kaburaki	SUNDAY, 7th Aug. at 10 A.M.

SPECIAL REDUCTION of 20% will be allowed to 1st and 2nd Class Passengers to FOOSHOW during the two months of August and September, 1910.

CHEAPEST THROUGH PASSAGE TO NANKING, in connection with The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha's steamers at Shanghai, for THE NANKING EXPOSITION.

HONGKONG-NANKING, RETURN.

1st Class \$73.00 2nd Class \$55.00 3rd Class \$27.00

1st and 2nd Class Passengers have the option of travelling by Rail between Shanghai and Nanking.

Fair speed. Superior passenger accommodation. Electric light throughout. First class cuisine.

The newly built steamers: "OHOSHUN MARU" and "BUJUN MARU"—First class Cabins AMIDSHIP.

For information of Freight, Passages, Sailings, etc., apply at the Co's Local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910.

T. ARIMA, Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS.	STEAMERS.	SAILING DATES.
MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID	"WAKASA MARU" Capt. N. Nishino, Tons 7000 "ATAUTA MARU" Capt. Wm. Thomson, Tons 5000	TUESDAY, 9th Aug. at 4 P.M. WEDNESDAY, 17th Aug. at Daylight.
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE	"KAMAKURA MARU" Capt. J. Nago, Tons 7000	SATURDAY, 13th Aug. From KOBE
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE	"TAMBA MARU" Capt. K. Sato, Tons 7000 "AWA MARU" Capt. S. Ishikawa, Tons 7000	TUESDAY, 16th Aug. at 4 P.M. TUESDAY, 23rd Sept. at 4 P.M.
SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE AND BRISBANE	"NIKKO MARU" Capt. M. Yagi, Tons 6000 "KUMANO MARU" Capt. M. Winkler, Tons 6000	FRIDAY, 5th August, Noon. FRIDAY, 2nd Sept. at Noon.
BOMBAY, via SINGAPORE AND COLOMBO	"BOMBAY MARU" Capt. Teraoka, Tons 5000	TUESDAY, 9th August.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	"COLOMBO MARU" Capt. E. Combar, Tons 5000	WEDNESDAY, 3rd Aug.
KOBE AND YOKOHAMA	"MIYAZAKI MARU" Capt. T. Mura, Tons 5000	THURSDAY, 4th Aug. at Noon.

CHEAPEST SUMMER RATES BETWEEN HONGKONG and JAPAN PORTS.

COMMENCING AKI MARU 30th MAY, ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER, 1910.

Special Excursion Tickets (1st & 2nd class) available for 3 months.

YOKOHAMA RETURN. KOBE RETURN. MOJI RETURN. NAGASAKI RETURN.

1st Class	\$120	\$110	\$100	\$90
2nd "	\$80	\$70	\$60	\$50

With option of rail between calling ports in Japan.

Fitted with new system of wireless telegraphy. * Cargo on 7. * Carries deck passengers. — Calling at Saigon.

Through Passenger Tickets issued to the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada and Europe, in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN and NORTHEASTERN PACIFIC RAILWAYS and Atlantic Steamers. Round-the-World Tickets also issued. Between Nagasaki and Yokohama, 1st and 2nd class through passengers have the option of travelling by Rail.

From Hongkong direct to Nagasaki 4 days, to Kobe 5 days and to Yokohama 6 days.

For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, etc., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Upper Room.

T. KUSUMOTO,

Manager.

Shipping—Steamers.



THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM

FOR STRAITS, GUYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN and SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship

"ASSAYE," Captain Owen Jones, carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for BOMBAY, &c., on SATURDAY, the 6th August, 1910, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above Ports in connection with the Company's 88,000-ton, 9,500-ton, from Colombo, Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France and Tea, for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other Cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay by the R.M.S. *Himalaya*, due in London on 18th September, 1910.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 25th July, 1910.

Superintendent.

Agents.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

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Shipping—Steamers.

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co's Steamer

"DEVANHA,"

Captain H. Powell, will leave for SHANGHAI TO-MORROW, the 4th August, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.

Hongkong, 3rd August, 1910.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"ARRATON ATCAR,"

Capt. W. D. A. Thomas, will be despatched for the above Ports on MONDAY, the 8th inst., at Noon.

This Steamer has Superior Accommodation for Passengers, is installed throughout with Electric Light and carries a duly certified Doctor.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occurring 24 days).

Return tickets are available by the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co's steamers.

Fare for round trip \$120.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SASSOON & CO., LIMITED,

Agents.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1910.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

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Superintendent.

Superintendent.

Superintendent.

SHARE QUOTATIONS

Supplied by Messrs. H. S. KADOORIN & Co. Corrected to noon, later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.	LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE RETURN ON INVESTMENT BASED ON LAST YEAR'S DIV.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
BANKS.								
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	120,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,500,000	\$2,028,088	2.5% for half year ending 31.12.09 @ 6% 1/2 = 25.11	5%	\$250 buyers \$250 sellers
National Bank of China, Limited	99,735	27	26	\$4,000	\$30,553	\$2 (London 2/6) for 1909	...	\$76 buyers
MARINE INSURANCES.								
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,500,000	nones	\$10 for 1908	6%	\$173 sellers
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	245	25	\$1,500,000	Tls. 207,573	Final of 7/6 making 25% for 1908	5%	Tls. 115
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$1,500,000	\$187,084	Final of \$20 per share, making in all \$50 per share for 1908 and an interim dividend of \$30 per share for 1909	6%	\$250
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$60	\$1,500,000	\$707,637	\$12 for year ending 31.12.08 and interim of \$3 on account of 1909	7%	\$200 buyers
FIRE INSURANCES.								
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$30	\$1,500,000	\$418,406	\$6 and bonus \$2 for 1908	7%	\$113 sellers
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,500,000	\$416,218	\$27 for 1908	8%	\$150 sellers
SHIPPING.								
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$17,743	Dr. \$3,777	\$4% for 1906	...	\$7 sellers
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50	\$20,000	NIL	24 for year ending 30.6.1908	...	\$28 sellers
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15	\$67,700	\$29,766	Final of \$1 1/2 for account 1910	8%	\$33 sellers
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Preferred)	60,000	25	25	\$138,100	Dr. \$137,822	\$5 for 1907 on Preference shares only @ 10% 1/2 = 5.14	...	\$65 sellers
Do. (Deferred)	60,000	25	25	\$138,100	Dr. \$137,822	3rd ln. of 2 1/2% per share (coup. No. 12) making in all 4 1/2% for 1908 & interim of 1 1/2% for ac. 09	5%	97 1/2
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	2,000,000	1	1	\$1,000,000	\$192,994	A dividend of 7 1/2% for yr. ending 30.4. 1910 & bonus of 5%	4 1/2%	\$24 sellers \$19 sellers
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$5,000	\$1,159			
REFINERIES.								
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$120,000	Dr. \$8,090	\$10 per share for 1909	6%	\$167
Luxon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	nones	Dr. \$115,891	\$5 for 1897	...	\$26 sellers
Park Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 100,000	Tls. 6,203	Tls. 10 for year ending 31.8.09	...	Tls. 800 sellers
MINING.								
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	1	1	\$1,000,000	Dr. \$1,435	Final of 1/6 making 3/4 for 1909	9%	Tls. 16 buyers Tls. 10
Headwaters Mining Company	60,000	Pa. 10	Pa. 10	nones	nones			
Ranch Australia Gold Mining Company, Limited	150,000	2 1/2	18 1/2	\$4,473	nones	\$1 per share 15th dividend	5%	57 buyers 41 1/2
Oriental Consolidated Mining Co., Ltd.	500,000	G 50	G 50	nones	nones	Final of Gold \$0.65 for 1909 in all \$ 1.15	...	
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.								
Feawick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	18,000	\$25	\$25	\$25,475	Dr. \$8,460	\$1.75 for year ending 31.12.06	...	\$10
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$50	\$50	\$550,000	\$104,847	\$2 1/2 for 1909	4 1/2%	\$53 buyers
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$211,000	\$128,765	Interim of \$1 1/2 for account 1909	...	\$50 buyers
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 1,000,000	Tls. 6,261	Final of Tls. 3 making Tls. 6 in all for 1910	6 1/2%	Tls. 77
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company, Limited	16,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 627,257	Tls. 10,000	Final of Tls. 4 making Tls. 7 for 1909	7%	Tls. 118
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.								
Anglo-French Land Investment Co., Ltd.	25,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 15,000	Tls. 4,214	Tls. 6 for year ending 29.2.09	8 1/2%	Tls. 101 sellers \$16 buyers
Central Stores, Limited	50,123	\$15	\$15	\$1,000	\$4,041	\$1.20 on old and 60 cents on first new issue	8%	\$104 sellers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$60,000	\$1,277	\$2.60 on old shares and 1.30 on new shares	3%	\$104 sellers
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	\$350,000	\$27,971	for half year ending 31.12.09	7%	\$104-83 sellers
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$150,000	\$5,471	Final of \$ 1/2 making \$7 for year end. 31.1.09	6%	\$84 sellers
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	\$300,000	\$269	45 cents for 1909	8 1/2%	\$32 sellers
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 1,250,045	Tls. 61,909	\$2 1/2 for 1909	6 1/2%	Tls. 109 ex
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	Tls. 10,000	\$1,958	Interim of Tls. 3 for 1910	8 1/2%	\$39 buyers
COTTON MILLS.								
Ewo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 150,000	Tls. 10,998	Tls. 22 for year ending 31.10.09	8 1/2%	Tls. 120 sellers
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 40,098	\$9,558	50 cents for year ending 31.7.08	8%	\$44 buyers
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	Tls. 175,000	Tls. 8,373	Tls. 7 1/2 for year ending 30.9.09	12%	Tls. 57 1/2
Loon-krong-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	nones	Tls. 4,839	Tls. 6 for 1909	7%	Tls. 70
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	Tls. 31,178	Tls. 31,178	Tls. 25 for 1907	10%	Tls. 240
MISCELLANEOUS.								
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,604	12/6	12/6	\$1,500	\$648	15% per share for 1908	...	\$10 buyers \$91 sellers
China-Homes Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	\$40,000	\$61,128	60 cents for year ending 28.2.06	6%	\$140 sellers
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$5	\$5	nones	\$2,602	80 cents for 1909	9%	\$8 buyers
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	125,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,000,000	\$1,893	\$1.20 for year ending 31.7.09	6 1/2%	\$29 buyers
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	\$6	\$13,000	\$4,390	Final of 40 cents making in all 75 cents per share for 1909	10%	\$64 sellers
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	400,000	\$10	\$10	\$5,000	\$670	24 per cent. viz. \$1.40 for 1909	12%	\$14 buyers
H. Price & Company, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	nones	\$11,798	A dividend of \$1.20 per share and a bonus of 10 cents	6%	\$104 buyers
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	60,000	\$10	\$10	\$150,000	\$7,616	Final of \$8 for 1907	6%	\$233 sellers
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$40,000	\$9,176	Final of \$1 making in all \$2 for 1909	9%	Tls. 1,420 s.
Hongkong Rive Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	60,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 147,500	Tls. 116,682	2nd interim dividend of Tls. 12 1/2 for 1909	5%	\$14 sellers
Maatschappij of Mijne, Bosch en Landbouw planten in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gs. 100	Gs. 100	\$20,000	\$3,014	80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.10	5%	\$2.60 sellers \$20
Peak Tramways Company, Limited	25,000	\$10	\$10	nones	Pa. 28,640	Nones	...	
Peak Tramways Company (new)	50,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 14,810	Tls. 5,350	Final Tls. 5 making Tls. 8 for 1908	4%	Tls. 175 sellers
Philippine Company, Limited	75,000	\$10	\$10	Tls. 75,000		First year	...	\$20 sellers \$200 Hongkong currency
Shanghai-Samat a Tobacco Company, Limited	10,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	nones	nones	Nones	...	
Societe des Papiers et Papeteries du Tonkin	12,200	50	25	nones	nones	Nones	...	
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	nones	Dr. \$11,096	Nones	...	\$26 buyers \$5 buyers
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$25	\$25	\$1,956	nones	10% for year ending 31st May 1910	10%	\$7 buyers
Union Waterworks Company, Limited	50,000	\$10	\$10	\$46,000	\$43	60 cents for year ending 31.12.09	8%	\$114 sellers
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	nones	\$1,041	60 cents per ord. share for year ending 31.5.09	12%	\$114 sellers
Watkins Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$100,000	\$2,613	35 cents for 1909	12%	\$114 sellers
Watson (A.S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	\$5,000	\$782	Nones	...	\$24 buyers
William Powell, Limited	15,000	\$7	nones	nones				

Intimations

COMPANIA GENERAL DE TABACOS DE FILIPINAS

ESTABLISHED IN 1882. CAPITAL \$1,000,000.



"LA FLOR DE LA ISABELA."

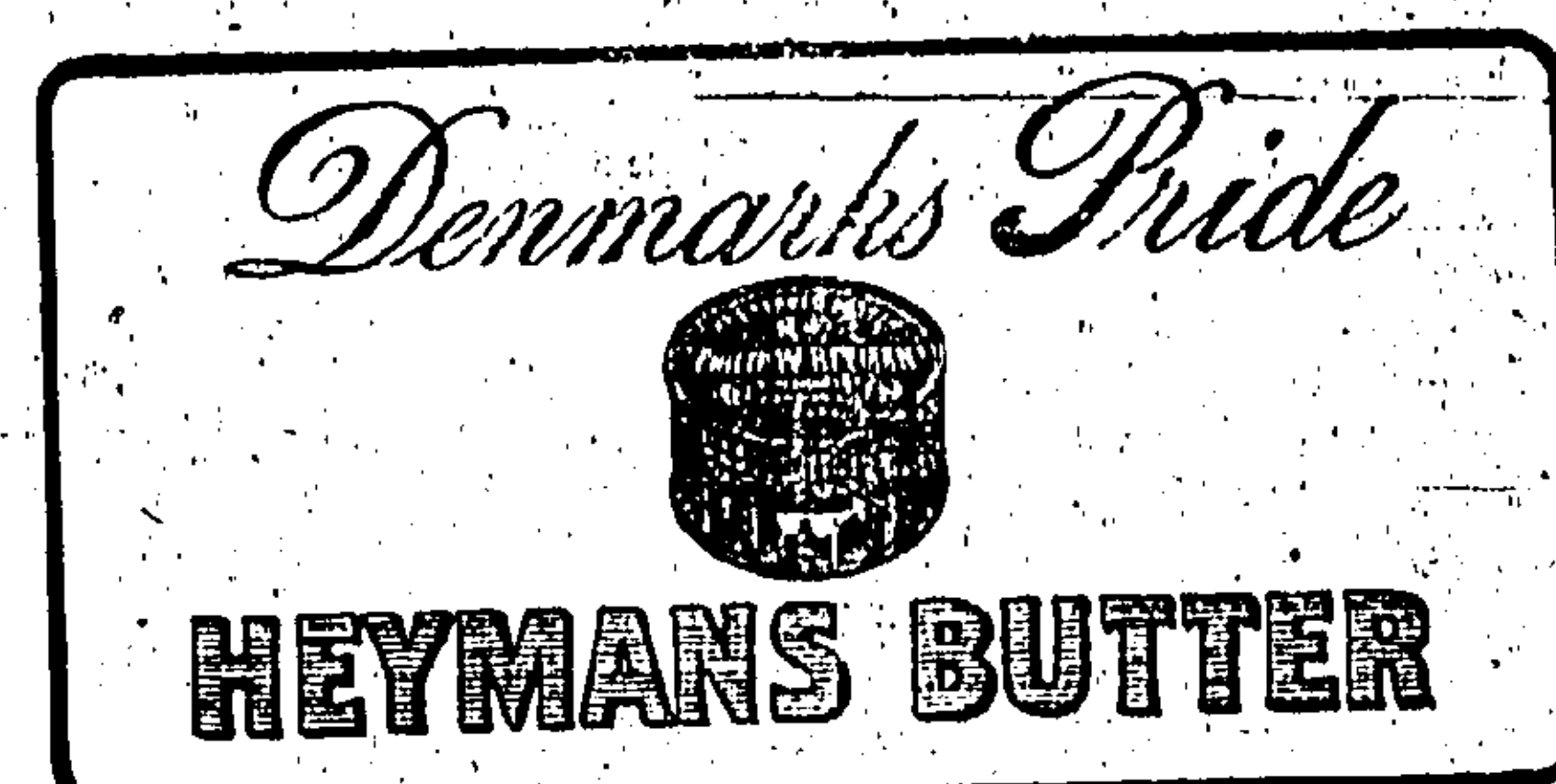
High grade cigars manufactured with the best selected leaf grown in the estates of the Company.

SPECIAL BRANDS:

Pigtails, Vegueros Especiales, Regalia A. Lopez, Regalia G. Pereira, Favoritos A. Lopez, Favoritos A. Correa, Perfectos Especiales, Exquisitos, Reina Victoria, High Life, Londres Finos, Conchas Finas, and other Current Brands.

RETAILED IN ALL THE LEADING STORES.

BARRETTO & CO., AGENTS.



SIEMSEN & CO., Sole Agents.

Hotels.

RE-OPENED! RE-OPENED!!

BELLE VIEW HOTEL.

Telephone No. 907.

TO-DAY! TO-DAY!! TO-DAY!!!

7th July, 1910.

UNDER entirely New Management. This popular Seaside Resort has been completely reorganised and re-staffed and special arrangements made for the comfort of guests.

MEALS, AFTERNOON TEAS.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!!

Served at all hours either in the Dining Room or on the spacious and Shady Lawn or Verandah.

Only best Brands of Liquors stocked. Residence Rates on application. All cordially welcome.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1910.

W. GALLAGHER, Manager.

VIENNA CAFE COMPANY (1910) LIMITED (RE-CONSTRUCTED).

QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT

(TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE)

Afternoon Teas, Ices, Light Refreshments.

Specially selected Brands of Wines, Spirits, Beers, etc.

An extensive modern Bakery.

A French Chef.

Hongkong 22nd July, 1910.

Intimations

A TOO STABLE.

LEIGHTON HILL ROAD, (next to No. 1, Police Station).

HAS established a SHOEING FORGE at Leighton Hill Road where Horses and Ponies can be shod by EXPERIENCED SHANGHAI FARRIERS by arrangement.

Shoeing of Horses and Ponies also undertaken at Kowloon on receipt of Owners' instructions.

PRICES:

At the Stables or anywhere in Hongkong, \$1 per animal.

At Kowloon, \$1 per animal.

11-12 A TOO STABLE, Leighton Hill Road, Hongkong, 2nd March, 1910.

LEE YEE

HAIR DRESSING SALOON.

HAS ALWAYS ON HAND

CIGARS, CIGARETTES

TOILET REQUISITES

FOR SALE

11, D'ARVILLE STREET, HONGKONG

HONGKONG

Hongkong, 2nd March, 1910.